Trial Wave Functions for Various Potentials

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This is list of functions and the potentials for which they would be suitable trial wave functions in a variation method calculation.

$$\Psi(x,\alpha) := 2 \cdot \alpha^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot x \cdot \exp(-\alpha \cdot x) \qquad \qquad \Psi(x,\alpha) := \left(\frac{128 \cdot \alpha^{3}}{\pi}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x \cdot \exp(-\alpha \cdot x^{2})$$

- Particle in a gravitational field V(z) = mgz (z = 0 to ∞)
- Particle confined by a linear potential $V(x) = ax (x = 0 \text{ to } \infty)$
- One-dimensional atoms and ions V(x) = -Z/x (x = 0 to ∞)
- Particle in semi-infinite potential well $V(x) = \inf[x \le a, 0, b]$ $(x = 0 \text{ to } \infty)$
- Particle in semi-harmonic potential well $V(x) = kx^2$ (x = 0 to ∞)

$$\Psi(x,\alpha) := \left(\frac{2 \cdot \alpha}{\pi}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \exp\left(-\alpha \cdot x^{2}\right)$$

- Quartic oscillator $V(x) = bx^4$ ($x = -\infty$ to ∞)
- Particle in the finite one-dimensional potential well $V(x) := if[(x \ge -1) \cdot (x \le 1), 0, 2] (x = -\infty \text{ to } \infty)$
- 1D Hydrogen atom ground state
- Harmonic oscillator ground state
- Particle in V(x) = |x| potential well

$$\Psi(\mathbf{x}, \alpha) := \sqrt{\alpha} \cdot \exp(-\alpha \cdot |\mathbf{x}|)$$

- This wavefunction is discontinuous at x = 0, so the following calculations must be made in momentum space
- Dirac hydrogen atom $V(x) := -\Delta(x)$
- Harmonic oscillator ground state
- Particle in V(x) = |x| potential well
- Quartic oscillator $V(x) = bx^4$ ($x = -\infty$ to ∞)

$$\Psi(x) := \sqrt{30} \cdot x \cdot (1 - x) \qquad \qquad \Gamma(x) := \sqrt{105} \cdot x \cdot (1 - x)^2 \qquad \qquad \Theta(x) := \sqrt{105} \cdot x^2 \cdot (1 - x)$$

- Particle in a one-dimensional, one-bohr box
- Particle in a slanted one-dimensional box
- Particle in a semi-infinite potential well (change 1 to variational parameter)
- Particle in a gravitational field (change 1 to variational parameter)

$$\Phi(r,a) := (a-r) \qquad \qquad \Phi(r,a) := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cdot \pi \cdot a}} \cdot \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi \cdot r}{a}\right)}{r}$$

- Particle in a infinite spherical potential well of radius a
- Particle in a finite spherical potential well (treat **a** as a variational parameter)

$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) := \left(\frac{2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\beta}}{\pi}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \exp\left(-\beta \cdot \mathbf{r}^{2}\right)$$

- Particle in a finite spherical potential well
- Hydrogen atom ground state
- Helium atom ground state

$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}, \beta) := \sqrt{\frac{3 \cdot \beta^3}{\pi^3}} \cdot \operatorname{sech}(\beta \cdot \mathbf{r})$$

- Particle in a finite potential well
- Hydrogen atom ground state
- Helium atom ground state

$$\Psi(x,\beta) := \sqrt{\frac{\beta}{2}} \cdot \operatorname{sech}(\beta \cdot x)$$

- Harmonic oscillator
- Quartic oscillator
- Particle in a gravitational field
- Particle in a finite potential well

$$\Psi(\alpha, \mathbf{x}) := \frac{\sqrt{12 \cdot \alpha^3}}{\pi} \cdot \mathbf{x} \cdot \operatorname{sech}(\alpha \cdot \mathbf{x})$$

- Particle in a semi-infinite potential well
- Particle in a gravitational field
- Particle in a linear potential well (same as above) $V(x) = ax (x = 0 \text{ to } \infty)$
- 1D hydrogen atom or one-electron ion

Some finite potential energy wells.

$$\begin{split} V(x) &:= \mathrm{if} \Big[(x \geq -1) \cdot (x \leq 1) \,, 0 \,, \textcolor{red}{V_0} \Big] \\ V(x) &:= \mathrm{if} \big[(x \geq -1) \cdot (x \leq 1) \,, 0 \,, \sqrt{\left|x\right| - 1} \Big] \end{split}$$

Some semi-infinite potential energy well.

$$V(x) := if(x \le a, 0, b) \qquad V(x) := if\left[(x \le 2), 0, \frac{5}{x}\right] \qquad V(x) := if[(x \le 2), 0, (x - 2)]$$

$$V(x) := if\left[(x \le 2), 0, \sqrt{x - 2}\right]$$